ANNUAL ACTIVITY REPORT 2019

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Chair's Message

As Chair of The Embalmers and Funeral Directors Board of Newfoundland and Labrador, I am pleased to submit this annual report for the activities of the Board for 2019. The Board is accountable for the preparation of this report and for the results reported.

The Embalmers and Funeral Directors Board's function is to license and permit embalmers and funeral directors in the province, and comprises seven members; four elected from within the industry and three appointed by Government. Further, the Board is responsible for prescribing training and educational requirements for licensure, providing and holding examinations as well as the suspension or revocation of licenses.

With the proclamation of a new Act and regulations for embalmers and funeral directors on January 1, 2010, the Board has assumed responsibility as a self-regulating occupation.

Sincerely,

Now-Leville Scammoll

Nova Lee Hill-Scammell Chair

Overview

The Board is established under Section 3 of the *Embalmers and Funeral Directors Act* with responsibility of establishing licensing requirements, reviewing applications for licenses, disciplinary action as well as the continuing education of licensees. The Board comprises seven persons (four elected and three appointees): two embalmers, two funeral home directors and three other persons who are not embalmers or funeral home directors. The Board is required to elect a Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson, and a Registrar from its members. Members are appointed to a three year term and are eligible for re-appointment, but cannot serve for a continuous period exceeding nine years.

The following people served on the Embalmers and Funeral Directors Board for 2019: Nova Lee Hill-Scammell--Chairperson, Brent Abbott--Vice Chairperson, Paul Hoskins, Donald Green, Lydia Dutton and Terry Hutchings and Deputy Registrar--Pleman Menchenton and the position of Administrator/Registrar is held by Bert Twyne.

In the fiscal year of 2019, the Embalmers and Funeral Directors Board had revenues of \$71,524 and expenditures of \$76,454, as indicated in the unaudited financial statements, leaving a deficit of \$4930. Since hiring an inspector, the expenses increased accordingly. The Board chose to defer the deficit over approximately five years, rather than reflect the increased expenses on the Licencees all in one year. It is projected that by imposing moderate increases that we will break even within the five year period.

Vision

Quality and ethical embalmer and funeral services offered to the citizens of Newfoundland and Labrador.

Lines of Business

The Embalmers and Funeral Directors Board has three lines of business, including establishing licencing requirements and reviewing applications and issuing licences to embalmers, funeral directors and funeral homes; establishing educational standards and overseeing the continuing education of licensees; and taking disciplinary action.

In 2019, the Embalmers and Funeral Directors Board licensed 124 directors/embalmers, 63 funeral directors and 87 funeral homes.

Highlights and Accomplishments

Our chairperson was able to attend the Funeral Services of Canada Convention held in Kelowna, BC in April.

Two of our Board members attended The Atlantic Funeral Service Association of Canada Convention held in Greenwich, NS in September.

Activities

In the fiscal year 2019, the Board met three times focusing on policy, continuing education and improvements to the provincial exams, both practical and written. The Education Committee, Complaints/Disciplinary Committee, and the Governance Committee were all actively pursuing improvements again this year.

The position of Inspector has been working very well. Sixty-two percent of the funeral homes in the province have been inspected. The Board's mandate to the Inspector is to have all funeral homes in the province inspected in a two year period. We are well ahead of that goal. Various deficiencies have been identified, from health and safety issues to facility delinquencies. All have been resolved through co-operation of the industry members and the inspector. The inspector has also been beneficial to the Board in assisting with development of policies and suggestions for changes to the legislation.

The Board continues to be in discussion with Government departments relative to legislation that will reflect the changing needs of our industry as we move forward.

The Board is responsible for establishing criteria for licenses; hearing complaints against members; disciplining, if deemed appropriate; and establishing criteria for the continuing education of licensees. In 2019, the Board received one complaint, which was resolved by the Registrar and one complaint, which is ongoing.

In 2019, the Board received 18 new applications for Funeral Directors Licences and 13 new applications for Embalmers Licences along with 5 new registrations for Apprenticeship. It licensed 124 directors/embalmers, 63 funeral directors and 87 funeral homes.

Financial Statements

Attached

Financial Statements
Year Ended December 31, 2019

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HARVEY'S ACCOUNTING SERVICES

Leonard W Harvey, CPA, CGA · Chartered Professional Accountant

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Embalmers and Funeral Directors Board of Newfoundland and Labrador

Opinion

I have audited the financial statements of Embalmers and Funeral Directors Board of Newfoundland and Labrador (the Organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the statements of revenues and expenditures and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at December 31, 2019, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO).

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of my report. I am independent of the Organization in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Canada, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with ASNPO, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

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Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Embalmers and Funeral Directors Board of Newfoundland and Labrador *(continued)*

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
 a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Springdale, Newfoundland and Labrador August 28, 2020

Leonard W. Harvey

Chartered Professional Accountant

Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2019

		2019		2018	
ASSETS					
Current					
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 4)	\$	333,771	\$	343,179	
Accounts receivable		45,050		36,340	
Interest receivable		3,216		3,989	
Prepaid expenses		1,344		1,348	
	\$	383,381	\$	384,856	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS					
Current	*				
Accounts payable	\$	5,725	\$	9,041	
Deferred income		69,485		62,715	
		75,210		71,756	
Net Assets					
Net assets		308,171		313,100	
	\$	383,381	\$	384,856	

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

DocuSigned by:		DocuSigned by:	
Lee Scammel		Connie White	Votes and the second at
A0AA440172D4460	Board Member	F232F6823DG24AD	Board Member

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures and Changes in Net Assets Year Ended December 31, 2019

	2019	 2018
Revenues		
Licensing revenue	\$ 65,935	\$ 60,700
Exam revenue	1,210	1,200
Seminar revenue	 125	 4,000
	 67,270	65,900
Expenses		
Bank charges	132	132
Board meetings	2,392	5,104
Conferences	6,894	8,717
Consulting fees	1,478	6,716
Honourariums	800	5.75
Inspections	5,924	1,820
Insurance	1,889	1,885
Office	4,513	5,923
Professional fees	4,025	4,532
Salaries and wages	46,983	28,598
Scholarship	400	250
Seminar expenses	-	3,086
Telephone	1,024	 878
	76,454	 67,641
Deficiency Of Revenues Over Expenses from operations	(9,184)	(1,741)
Other income Interest income	4,254	4,010
IIILEIESI IIIOOIIE	 7,207	 7,010
Net excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	(4,930)	2,269
Net assets - beginning of year	 313,101	310,831
Net assets - end of year	\$ 308,171	\$ 313,100

Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended December 31, 2019

		2019	2018	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	\$	(4,930)	\$	2,269
Changes in non-cash working capital: Accounts receivable Interest receivable Accounts payable Deferred income Prepaid expenses	_	(8,710) 773 (3,315) 6,770 4		6,056 (3,989) (1,677) 1,165
		(4,478)		1,555
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH FLOW		(9,408)		3,824
Cash - beginning of year		343,179	1241	339,355
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$	333,771	\$	343,179

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2019

PURPOSE OF THE ORGANIZATION

The Embalmers and Funeral Directors Board of Newfoundland and Labrador is a body of professional embalmers and funeral directors along with government appointed members governed by the Embalmers and Funeral Directors Act, 2008, Chapter E-7.1

The board is exempt from income tax under section 149(1) of the income tax act of Canada.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNFPO).

Some users may require further information as these statements have not been prepared for general purposes.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Revenue recognition

Embalmers and Funeral Directors Board of Newfoundland and Labrador follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

Licensing revenues are recognized as revenue in the year to which they relate.

Investment income is recognized as revenue when earned.

Seminar fees are recognized as revenue when the seminars are held.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include balance with with bank and investments with maturity of one year or less.

Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Such estimates are periodically reviewed and any adjustments necessary are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

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Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2019

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments

The organization initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. It subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost.

Financial assets subsequently measured at amortized cost include cash, short term investments and accounts receivable. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and deferred revenue.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

·	2019		2018	
Bank of Nova Scotia	\$	23,294	\$	38,928
GIC cash account		105,471		104,251
GIC investments	205	205,006		200,000
	\$	333,771	\$	343,179

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consists of membership fees and licenses for the subsequent year that were invoiced from September to December of the current year.

	2019		2018	
Accounts receivable	\$	45,050	\$ 36,340	

6. DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue is calculated as the revenue recorded in September-December of the current year which relates to fees that are collected and are for the following year.

	2019		
Deferred Revenue	\$ 69,485	\$	62,715

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2019

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides information about the organization's risk exposure and concentration as of December 31, 2019.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that a counter party will fail to perform its obligations. The organization is exposed to credit risk with respect to accounts receivable.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The organization is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable. This risk is reduced beacuse of considerable sums invested in term deposits.

(c) Interest rate risk

The organization is exposed to interest rate on fixed-rate financial instruments, which consist of short-term investments. Fixed-rate instruments subject the organization to a risk of changes in fair value risk, since fair value fluctuates inversely to changes in market interest rates.

Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the organization is not exposed to significant other price risks arising from these financial instruments.