



SSAC Activity Report 2012-2013

Prepared by the Species Status Advisory Committee



Annual Activity Report Species Status Advisory Committee 2012-2013

Table of Contents

Table of Contents
Message from the Chairperson
Overview of the Committee
a. Key Statistics
b. Representation
c. Description of Revenues and Expenditures
d. Lines of Business
e. Mandate
f. Vision
g. Mission
Highlights and Accomplishments
Activities
Objective 1: By 2013, the Species Status Advisory Committee will have processed 2 to 5
species status reports annually, depending on the availability of resources and expertise
Objective 2: By 2013, the Species Status Advisory Committee will have re-evaluated
existing priority lists and developed new priority lists for future status assessments
Objective 3: By 2013, the Species Status Advisory Committee will have reviewed report
preparation guidelines and assessment criteria and revised them as required
Opportunities and Challenges Ahead
Financial Statement
Appendix A: Legislation relevant to the mandate and activities of the SSAC 10

Message from the Chairperson

I am pleased to provide the Annual Activity Report for the Species Status Advisory Committee (SSAC). The mandate of the SSAC is derived from section 6 of the *Endangered Species Act*, 2001, which provides for an Advisory Committee to review the status of species at risk, to recommend to the Minister, designations and re-designations of species and to advise the Minister on related designation matters. Given the Committee's current mandate, the SSAC provides support for, but does not contribute directly to, the strategic directions of Government.

The SSAC is a category 3 government entity and as such, in accordance with the *Transparency* and *Accountability Act*, is required to provide annual performance reports based on activities in the preceding fiscal year. Such a report is also required of the SSAC under the *Endangered Species Act*, 2001. This report presents an overview of the SSAC and our accomplished objectives in 2012-2013. It is the intention of the SSAC to report on the same Objectives and Indicators in each year, thereby providing a reference for the following year. As Chair of the SSAC for the period 2012-2013, I am pleased to report that the committee successfully achieved all objectives set forth in its activity plan for 2012-2013. I also attest that the SSAC is accountable for the preparation of this report and for the results explained herein.

Dr. Christine Campbell

Rustin Corpell

Chair, SSAC July 4, 2013

Overview of the Committee

a. Key Statistics

One species recommended to the Minister in 2008 was listed under the *Endangered Species Act* in 2012-2013. Two new reports were commissioned and reviewed in 2012-2013, with submission to the Government to occur in 2013-2014. Two reports commissioned in 2011-2012 were finalized and submitted to the Government in 2012-2013. A report commissioned in 2010-2011 is undergoing revision with final review expected later in 2013.

b. Representation

This SSAC consists of up to nine (9) members appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council. Members serve for a period of two (2) or three (3) years; and are eligible for re-appointment.

At the end of 2012-13, the committee had six members:

Dr. Christine Campbell (Chair) - Aquatic invertebrates

Dr. Luise Hermanutz - Plant ecology, conservation biology

Dr. Thomas Knight – Freshwater fish, small mammals

Dr. Paul Marino – Mosses, terrestrial invertebrates

Mr. John E. Maunder - General natural history, plants, invertebrates

Dr. William Montevecchi - Birds

Committee members serve as volunteers. They normally meet in person once to twice a year. Meetings may also be held via telephone or other telecommunication devices. The committee normally contracts the preparation of species status reports to private consultants.

The secretariat to the SSAC is provided by the Wildlife Division and managed by:

Endangered Species and Biodiversity Program, Wildlife Division Department of Environment and Conservation PO Box 2007, 117 Riverside Dr., Corner Brook, NL, A2H 7S1

c. Description of Revenues and Expenditures

A total of \$4745.04 of an allocated \$10,000 was spent on SSAC related activities in 2011-12. A breakdown: \$3000.00 on reports and \$1745.04 on travel (airfare, hotels, meals).

Travel, accommodations and related costs, as well as contractual fees, are provided for within the account budget of the Wildlife Division, Department of Environment and Conservation.

d. Lines of Business

The Species Status Advisory Committee undertakes the following line of business:

1. Advises government on the designation and re-designation of species under the *Endangered Species Act*.

The Committee's duties include:

- developing, and submitting to the Minister, criteria for the designation of a species
- developing criteria for species status reports that facilitate a review of the status of the species
- commissioning and receiving species status reports
- making recommendations to the Minister about designating species and protecting critical and recovery habitat
- referring concerns about the status of species to COSEWIC (Committee on the Status of Endangered Wildlife in Canada), when the species is of national importance
- maintaining a list of species for future review of their status
- conducting periodic reviews of the status of designated species at least once every 10 years after the designation
- submitting a report to the Minister on its activities in the preceding calendar year, before April 15 of each year

Copies of Annual Reports and Status Reports can be found on the Wildlife Division's website at:

http://www.env.gov.nl.ca/env/wildlife/endangeredspecies/ssac/index.html

e. Mandate

The mandate of the Species Status Advisory Committee is derived from section 6 of the *Endangered Species Act*, 2001, which provides for an Advisory Committee to review and recommend to the Minister designations and re-designations of species.

f. Vision

The vision of the Species Status Advisory Committee is the perpetuation of viable populations of all native species in Newfoundland and Labrador.

g. Mission

By 2017, the Species Status Advisory Committee will have made recommendations to the responsible minister about the conservation status of high priority species based on species status assessments using the best available scientific, traditional and local ecological knowledge.

Highlights and Accomplishments

The committee currently consists of six members, thus not at full complement.

An additional member with suitable expertise in non-vascular plants, specifically lichens, is being sought. Candidates to fill the other two vacant positions have been identified by the Committee and nominations have been brought forward for consideration by Government.

The Committee met once in the 2012-2013 fiscal year: February 14 via conference call.

The committee met all its objectives for the 2012-2013 year.

Activities

The activities of the Species Status Advisory Committee were guided by the *Endangered Species Act* and the *Species Status Advisory Committee Regulations*; this has not only been reflected in the committee's line of business but also in the objectives, measures and indicators established in their initial Activity Plan. Appendix A presents the appropriate portions of the legislation that were used to establish the committee's objectives, measures and indicators. The SSAC reported on the same Objectives and Indicators in each year, which provided a reference for the following year.

Objective 1: The Species Status Advisory Committee will have processed 2 to 5 species status reports annually as required, depending on the availability of resources and expertise.

Measure: Processed species status reports

Indicators	Accomplishments
Number of reports	1. Mountain Bladder Fern (<i>Cystopteris montana</i>); author
commissioned and reviewed	Michael Burzynski, commissioned in 2012-2013, reviewed
	and edited in 2012-2013, final review and assessment to be
	completed in 2013-2014.
	2. Northern Twayblade (<i>Listera borealis</i>); author Michael
	Burzynski, commissioned in 2012-2013, reviewed and
	edited in 2012-2013, final review and assessment to be
	completed in 2013-2014.
	3. Red Pine (<i>Pinus resinosa</i>) – author Bruce Roberts,
	commissioned in 2010-2011, edited in 2012-2013, final
	review and assessment expected 2013-2014.
	4. Wrinkled Shield Lichen (<i>Pannaria lurida</i> ssp. <i>russellii</i>),
	field report commissioned in 2009-2010, field work
	completed by Emilie Kissler in 2010-2011, seeking author
	for status report.
Number of species assessed	None. No status reports were completed for assessment in 2012-
	2013.

Recommendations provided to	1.	Griscom's Arnica (Arnica griscomii subsp. griscomii) –
the responsible Minister		recommended as Endangered October 2012.
	2.	Wooly Arnica (Arnica angustifolia subsp. tomentosa) –
		recommended as Endangered October 2012.

Objective 2: The Species Status Advisory Committee will have re-evaluated the criteria for developing priority lists, re-evaluated existing priority lists, and developed new priority lists for future status assessments.

Measure 1: Criteria for developing priority lists are re-evaluated

Indicators	Accomplishments
Criteria for	The SSAC completed a review of the criteria used to develop priority lists
developing priority	during the SSAC conference call in February 2013. A substantial review
lists are reviewed.	of these criteria is planned for the Fall 2013 meeting.
Formal records of	Records of criteria met for each priority species are included in the SSAC
criteria met for each	meeting minutes from 2011-2012, no changes were made to priority
priority species are	species in 2012-2013.
developed and kept	
on file.	

Measure 2: Existing priority lists are re-evaluated

Indicators	Accomplishments
Existing priority	Completed for 2012-2013. Taxonomic priority lists including those for
lists are revised as	lichen, vascular plants, mosses, birds, freshwater fish, and mammals were
necessary	reviewed by members and it was determined that no changes were
	necessary.
Existing priority	Priority lists will be included in future Annual Reports. Priority lists were
lists are published in	not included in the 2012-2013 Annual Report because of an oversight by
the Annual Report	the SSAC Secretariat. Existing priority lists have been provided for
and made public.	posting to the SSAC website.
	http://www.env.gov.nl.ca/env/wildlife/endangeredspecies/ssac/index.html

Measure 3: New assessment lists are developed, as required.

Indicators	Accomplishments
A list of candidates	The 2012-2013 assessment list developed by the SSAC includes Eastern
for species status	Star Sedge (Carex radiata), Ascending Moonwort (Botrychium
assessment is	ascendens), Common Dodder (Cuscuta gronovii), Menzie's Rattlesnake
developed annually	Plantain (Goodyera oblongifolia), Hops (Humulus lupulus var.
using new priority	lupuloides), Mermaidweed (Proserpinaca pectinata), Matchstick Lichen
lists.	(Pilophorus fibula), Wrinkled Shield Lichen (Pannaria lurida subsp.
	russellii), and Mummichog (Fundulus heteroclitus).
The assessment list	The assessment list is included in the 2012-2013 Annual Report produced
is published in the	in accordance with section 11 (1) of the Endangered Species Act and
annual report and	provided on the SSAC website:
made public.	http://www.env.gov.nl.ca/env/wildlife/endangeredspecies/ssac/index.html

Objective 3: The Species Status Advisory Committee will have reviewed the IUCN and COSEWIC species status report guidelines and assessment criteria and revised the SSAC species status report guidelines and assessment criteria as required.

Measure 1: SSAC species status report guidelines and assessment criteria are reviewed and revised.

Indicators	Accomplishments
SSAC species status	Completed in 2012-2013. No changes were made to IUCN or COSEWIC
report guidelines are	species status report guidelines or assessment criteria, thus no changes
reviewed and	were made to SSAC guidelines or criteria.
revised as required	
to ensure they	
encompass any	
changes made to	
IUCN or COSEWIC	
species status report	
guidelines and	
assessment criteria.	
SSAC species status	No revisions required in 2012-2013.
report guidelines	
and assessment	
criteria are revised	
as required.	
Any revisions to the	The SSAC Annual Report for 2012-2013 contains up to date species
SSAC species status	status report guidelines and assessment criteria.
report guidelines	http://www.env.gov.nl.ca/env/wildlife/endangeredspecies/ssac/index.html
and assessment	No changes were made to either the report guidelines or the assessment
criteria are	criteria in 2012-2013.
published in the	
annual report and	
made public.	

Opportunities and Challenges Ahead

The potential addition next year of three new members to the SSAC, one with expertise in invertebrates, one with knowledge of Labrador, and one with knowledge of non-vascular plants/lichen, will ensure greater coverage of taxonomic groups and an increase in regional expertise. The committee has reviewed several potential candidates with the noted experience; all candidates could support the committee and provide a great deal of valuable information. An updated candidate list and supporting information will be provided to the Minister in 2013-2014.

Predetermining information needs and expertise that will be required is a challenge as species needing detailed assessments do not always fall into a specific taxon or geographic area. Given the current workload combined with the varying expertise required, the limit of nine members is insufficient to meet SSAC commitments and consideration should be given to increasing the size of the committee.

Finding authors to prepare status reports continues to be a significant challenge. The SSAC has decided to enlarge its assessment list in the hopes of attracting a wider array of experts to complete status reports. With the growing list of candidate species the SSAC, as a volunteer body, will also face challenges to the members to find adequate time to carry out report reviews and do the other tasks associated with membership. The SSAC has been encouraged by the recent efforts being made by the Department of Environment and Conservation to support decision-making about species listings by the Lieutenant Governor in Council. Lack of timely feedback has caused the SSAC to question their relevance; improvements in the timeliness of feedback on species status recommendations is one way to encourage members of the SSAC to continue to commit significant time and effort to their roles on the committee.

Financial Statement

Expenditures on the SSAC are included in the expenditures reported for the Wildlife Division. This committee does not require an audited financial statement.

Appendix A: Legislation relevant to the mandate and activities of the SSAC

(Source: Endangered Species Act)

- 6. (1) A species status advisory committee is established to review and recommend to the minister designations and re-designations of species.
- (2) The SSAC shall base its decisions on the best scientific knowledge available to it and on traditional ecological and local ecological knowledge about a species.

11. (1) The SSAC shall

- (a) develop and submit to the minister, criteria for the designation of a species under sections 7 and 9;
- (b) develop criteria for species status reports which facilitate a review of the status of a species;
- (c) commission and receive status reports;
- (d) make recommendations to the minister about designating species and the protection of critical and recovery habitat;
- (e) refer concerns about the status of species to COSEWIC where the species is of national importance;
- (f) maintain a list of species for future review of their status;
- (g) conduct periodic reviews of the status of designated species, at least once every 10 years after the designation;
- (h) submit a report to the minister on the activities of the committee in the preceding calendar year, before April 15 of each year; and
- (i) perform other duties that may be prescribed in the regulations made under subsection 44(1).
- (2) the SSAC shall make the following documents available to the public:
- (a) species status reports;
- (b) criteria for designation of a species; and
- (c) annual reports submitted under paragraph 11(1)(h) within 30 days after the report is released to the minister.
- 12. (1) the SSAC shall consult with groups or individuals that have traditional and local ecological knowledge about a species and its habitat.
- (2) Traditional ecological and local ecological knowledge shall be considered by the SSAC in evaluating the status of a species.